### **Washington State Auditor's Office**

### **Audit Report**

### **Audit Services**

Report No. 57762

### **ASOTIN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 420**

Asotin County, Washington

September 1, 1993 Through August 31, 1995

Issue Date: September 27, 1996

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Management Section	Page
Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With Laws And Regulations At The Financial Statement Level (Plus Additional State Compliance	
Requirements Per RCW 43.09.260)	M-1
Statement Level	M-3
The District Should Strengthen Controls Over Associated     Student Body (ASB) Imprest Funds And Cash Receipting	. M-5
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report On Financial Statements Financial Statements:	F-1
Combined Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types And Expendable Trust Fund	
1995	
Fund Types 1995 1994 Notes To Financial Statements	F-6
Single Audit Section	
Independent Auditor's Report On Supplementary Information Schedule Of Federal Financial Assistance Schedule Of Federal Financial Assistance - 1995 And 1994 Notes To Schedule Of Federal Financial Assistance Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With The General Requirements Applicable To Federal Financial Assistance Programs Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With Specific Requirements Applicable To Nonmajor Federal Financial Assistance Program Transactions Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Structure Used In Administering Federal Financial Assistance Programs	S-2 S-3 S-4 S-6
Status Of Prior Findings	S-10
Addendum	
Directory Of Officials	Δ-1

## Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With Laws And Regulations At The Financial Statement Level (Plus Additional State Compliance Requirements Per RCW 43.09.260)

Board of Directors Asotin School District No. 420 Asotin, Washington

We have audited the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of Asotin School District No. 420, Asotin County, Washington, as of and for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 1996.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Asotin School District No. 420 is the responsibility of the district's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the district's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants.

We also performed additional tests of compliance with state laws and regulations as required by *Revised Code of Washington* (RCW) 43.09.260. This statute requires the State Auditor to inquire as to whether the district complied with the laws and the *Constitution of the State of Washington*, its own ordinances and orders, and the requirements of the State Auditor's Office. Our responsibility is to examine, on a test basis, evidence about the district's compliance with those requirements and to make a reasonable effort to identify any instances of misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance in office on the part of any public officer or employee and to report any such instance to the management of the district and to the Attorney General. However, the objective of our audit of the financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with these provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported herein under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information of management and the board of directors and to meet our statutory reporting obligations. This report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Brian Sonntag State Auditor

## Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Structure At The Financial Statement Level

Board of Directors Asotin School District No. 420 Asotin, Washington

We have audited the financial statements of Asotin School District No. 420, Asotin County, Washington, as of and for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 1996.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The management of the district is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the prescribed basis of accounting. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the district, we obtained an understanding of the internal control structure. With respect to the internal control structure, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control structure. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We noted certain matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions are included in the Schedule of Findings accompanying this report.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described in the Schedule of Findings is a material weakness.

This report is intended for the information of management and the board of directors and to meet our statutory reporting obligations. This report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Brian Sonntag State Auditor

### **Schedule Of Findings**

The District Should Strengthen Controls Over Associated Student Body (ASB) Imprest Funds
 And Cash Receipting

The total revenue for Asotin School District ASB activities for fiscal year 1995 was \$75,850. Our review of the imprest bank account and cash receipting system identified the following control weaknesses:

- a. Imprest Bank Account
  - (1) Thirty ASB imprest negotiated checks had been signed but were left blank as to payee. Most of these checks contained endorsements indicating the payee. However, some of these negotiated checks did not contain a payee or an endorsement.
  - (2) The authorized balance was overdrawn seven times in a twelve month period by an average of \$1,337.
  - (3) Some checks did not contain adequate documentation to support the expenditures.

The imprest account was used to process as many bills as possible without processing them through the voucher process. This results in the board of directors not approving all significant purchases prior to disbursement.

Section III-G-4 of the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* states in part:

Imprest bank accounts are . . . set aside . . . for minor disbursements . . . or similar uses requiring immediate action . . .

The district does not have formal policies and procedures for ASB imprest bank accounts. The weaknesses in the internal control structure increase the risk that unauthorized expenditures could be made and not detected by the district.

- b. Cash Receipting
  - (1) Staff duties and responsibilities for cash handling are not properly segregated. One employee is responsible for receipting, processing, and recording a single transaction.
  - (2) Revenues for soft drink machine sales and other fund raising activities were not reviewed for reasonableness based on inventory purchased, mark-up, and remaining inventory. An analysis of soft drink machine revenues and expenditures for the twelve

month period ending August 31, 1995, revealed a possible shortage of up to \$3,000. However, due to the lack of records, we were unable to make a conclusive determination.

- (3) Mode of payment was not indicated on receipts or other supporting documentation; therefore, intactness of deposits cannot be determined.
- (4) Rediform receipts were used for some receipting activities. Without official prenumbered receipts, subsequent deposit of all receipts cannot be determined.
- (5) Athletic ticket sales reconciliations did not provide explanations for discrepancies between actual revenue and expected revenue based on the number of tickets sold and did not indicate the individual(s) responsible for selling tickets. Therefore, completeness of deposits cannot be determined and responsibility for potential losses cannot be assigned.
- (6) Tickets have not been inventoried and a ticket log was not used to account for the numerical sequence of tickets.
- (7) Funds received from advisors and students are not always counted prior to transfer to the ASB central treasurer.
- (8) A system was not in place to account for the various sources of ASB revenues.

Section III-G-1 of the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* states in part:

An internal control system . . . (should) ensure that resource use is consistent with law, regulation, and policy; that resources are guarded against waste, loss, and misuse; and that reliable data are obtained, maintained, and fairly disclosed in reports . . . School district management should periodically review its internal controls to ensure proper conduct of school district business.

The district does not have formal policies and procedures for ASB cash receipting. In addition, there are not policies and procedures for supervisory review. The weaknesses in the internal control structure of ASB activities increase the risk that errors and irregularities could occur and not be detected in a timely manner.

<u>We recommend</u> that district officials develop improved internal control procedures over the ASB imprest account and cash receipting functions.

We further recommend that the district provide proper supervision of employees that handle cash.

<u>We also recommend</u> personnel involved in the accounting for ASB revenues and expenditures receive adequate training to perform the necessary safeguarding, accounting, and reconciliation procedures.

#### Auditee's Response

The Asotin-Anatone School District acknowledges the weaknesses cited in controls of our high ASB Imprest Funds and Cash Receipting. The specific items listed either have been corrected already or will be corrected. Also, we will implement the recommendations.

Auditor's Concluding Remarks								
We thank the dist finding in our ne	rict for their timely ext scheduled audi	response to our t.	r finding. We	e will review t	he matters disc	cussed in the		

### **Independent Auditor's Report On Financial Statements**

Board of Directors Asotin School District No. 420 Asotin, Washington

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Asotin School District No. 420, Asotin County, Washington, as of and for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994. These financial statements are the responsibility of the district's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the district prepares its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting prescribed by Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and unencumbered cash balances of Asotin School District No. 420 as of August 31, 1995 and 1994, and the revenues it received and expenditures it paid for the fiscal years then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated August 9, 1996, on our consideration of the district's internal control structure and a report dated August 9, 1996, on its compliance with laws and regulations.

Brian Sonntag State Auditor

### Independent Auditor's Report On Supplementary Information Schedule Of Federal Financial Assistance

Board of Directors Asotin School District No. 420 Asotin, Washington

We have audited the financial statements of Asotin School District No. 420, Asotin County, Washington, as of and for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 1996. These financial statements are the responsibility of the district's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements of Asotin School District No. 420 taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The information in the schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Brian Sonntag State Auditor

## Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With The General Requirements Applicable To Federal Financial Assistance Programs

Board of Directors Asotin School District No. 420 Asotin, Washington

We have audited the financial statements of Asotin School District No. 420, Asotin County, Washington, as of and for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 1996.

We have applied procedures to test the district's compliance with the following requirements applicable to its federal financial assistance programs, which are identified in the Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance, for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994:

- Political activity
- Civil rights
- Cash management
- Allowable costs/cost principles

The following requirements were determined to be not applicable to its federal financial assistance programs:

- Davis-Bacon Act
- Relocation assistance and real property acquisition
- Federal financial reports
- Drug-Free Workplace Act
- Administrative requirements, including subrecipient monitoring

Our procedures were limited to the applicable procedures described in the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) *Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments* or alternative procedures. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the district's compliance with the requirements listed in the preceding paragraph. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the requirements listed in the second paragraph of this report. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the district had not complied, in all material respects, with those requirements.

This report is intended for the information of management and the board of directors and to meet our statutory reporting obligations. This report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

**Brian Sonntag** State Auditor

## Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With Specific Requirements Applicable To Nonmajor Federal Financial Assistance Program Transactions

Board of Directors Asotin School District No. 420 Asotin, Washington

We have audited the financial statements of Asotin School District No. 420, Asotin County, Washington, as of and for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 1996.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the district and with our consideration of the district's control structure used to administer its federal financial assistance programs, as required by OMB Circular A-128, *Audits of State and Local Governments*, we selected certain transactions applicable to certain nonmajor federal financial assistance programs for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994. As required by OMB Circular A-128, we have performed auditing procedures to test compliance with the requirements governing allowability of the program expenditures; eligibility of the individuals or groups to whom the district provides federal financial assistance; carryover of funds, parent involvement, program effectiveness, schoolwide projects, and timely obligation of funds that are applicable to those transactions. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the district's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the requirements listed in the preceding paragraph. With respect to the items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Asotin School District No. 420 had not complied, in all material respects, with those requirements.

This report is intended for the information of management and the board of directors and to meet our statutory reporting obligations. This report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Brian Sonntag State Auditor

## Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Structure Used In Administering Federal Financial Assistance Programs

Board of Directors Asotin School District No. 420 Asotin, Washington

We have audited the financial statements of Asotin School District No. 420, Asotin County, Washington, as of and for the fiscal years ended August 31, 1995 and 1994, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 1996.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the provisions of OMB Circular A-128, *Audits of State and Local Governments*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-128 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the district's internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and to report on the internal control structure in accordance with OMB Circular A-128. This report addresses our consideration of internal control structure policies and procedures relevant to compliance with requirements applicable to federal financial assistance programs. We have addressed internal control structure policies and procedures relevant to our audit of the financial statements in a separate report dated August 9, 1996.

The management of the district is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that:

- Assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition.
- Transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the prescribed basis of accounting.
- Federal financial assistance programs are managed in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors, irregularities, or instances of noncompliance may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of

changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

For the purpose of this report, we have classified the significant internal control structure policies and procedures used in administering federal financial assistance programs in the following categories:

### • Accounting Controls

- Cash receipts
- Cash disbursements
- Purchasing and receiving
- Payroll
- General ledger

#### • General Requirements

- Political activity
- Civil rights
- Cash management
- Allowable costs/cost principles

### • Specific Requirements

- Types of services
- Eligibility
- Matching, level of effort, earmarking
- Special requirements

#### Claims For Advances And Reimbursements

### • Amounts Claimed Or Used For Matching

For all of the applicable internal control structure categories listed above, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and determined whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk.

The following internal control structure categories were determined to be insignificant to federal financial assistance programs:

#### Accounting Controls

- Receivables
- Accounts payable
- Inventory control
- Property, plant, and equipment

#### • General Requirements

- Davis-Bacon Act
- Relocation assistance and real property acquisition
- Federal financial reports
- Drug-Free Workplace Act
- Administrative requirements, including subrecipient monitoring

### • Specific Requirements

Reporting

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 1995, the district had no major federal financial assistance programs and expended 61 percent of its total federal financial assistance under the following nonmajor

federal financial assistance programs: National School Lunch (CFDA 10.555) and Chapter One (CFDA 84.010).

We performed tests of controls, as required by OMB Circular A-128, to evaluate the effectiveness of the design and operation of internal control structure policies and procedures that we considered relevant to preventing or detecting material noncompliance with specific requirements, general requirements, and requirements governing claims for advances and reimbursements, and amounts claimed or used for matching that are applicable to the aforementioned nonmajor programs. Our procedures were less in scope than would be necessary to render an opinion on these internal control structures policies and procedures. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Our consideration of the internal control structure policies and procedures used in administering federal financial assistance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with laws and regulations that would be material to a federal financial assistance program may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information of management and the board of directors and to meet our statutory reporting obligations. This report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Brian Sonntag State Auditor

### **Status Of Prior Findings**

The finding contained in the prior audit report was resolved as follows:

1. <u>Staff Mix Factors Should Be Accurately Reported</u>

<u>Resolution:</u> This condition has been resolved.